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SUMMARY

In 1998, the United States was the second largest tourism destination worldwide receiving 56 million visitors. For the first time ever, travelers from Western European numbered more than 10 million. Asia, the second largest region for arrivals to the U.S., reflected the downturn of the Asian economy, primarily in the last quarter, but still achieved a record 7.6 million visits in 1998. South American markets performed extremely well, generating over 2.9 million visits to the United States for the same period. In fact, all other overseas regions produced record arrivals to the United States. The Caribbean and Oceania generated nearly 1.7 million arrivals, respectively. Central American visits reached nearly 697,000; the Middle East produced a record with 587,000 arrivals; the emerging Eastern European region grew by 9% with 385,000 visitors; and visitors from Africa topped 258,000 to make 1998 a record setting year.

In spite of challenging economic times and high inflation in Turkey, outbound travel increased 10 percent. Remarkably, Turkish travel to the U.S. has increased over the last 5 years

at an average of 14.6 percent per annum, with 78,219 arrivals in 1998. The market is expected to grow at 5 percent over the next few years. Fifty five percent of Turkish travelers to the United States combine business and pleasure, 30% choose the U.S. for student exchange programs and studying, and 15% visit for official reasons, such as government officials and or/businessmen attending conferences/seminars and exhibitions. Eighty percent of the Turkish citizens traveling to the U.S. are in the upper middle class, reside in the big cities - Istanbul, Ankara, and Izmir and are generally between 25 and 45 years of age.

A. MARKET HIGHLIGHTS AND BEST PROSPECTS

Beginning in 1990, several factors convened to encourage the development of outbound tourism in Turkey. Among these are Turkey's burgeoning young population, rapid urbanization, rising cultural level, increased earnings and Turkey's steady growth in international trade. Further, Turkey's liberalization policies and economic transformation from protectionism to open market economy and promotion of economic and trade relations also resulted in sharp increases of business travel abroad. During this period, two factors previously discouraging to international travel, currency restrictions for Turkish travelers and a tax charged (crediting the housing fund) for vacations abroad, were abolished. Outbound travel promises continued long-term growth tied to economic progress and improving demographics in Turkey.

There are approximately 135 leading (by sales volume) wholesalers/tour operators headquartered in Turkey. Of these, about 20 offer package programs for visiting international locations, provide international and domestic ticketing, automobile rentals, hotel reservations and guides. Many of the reliable travel agencies out of the more than 3,200 active in Turkey have incentive and/or congress travel departments and offer full service. Many of the agencies belong to ASTA and JATA, the American and Japanese Travel Agent's Association, and all are members of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) and the Association of Travel Agencies of Turkey TURSAB delineates three distinct categories of travel agencies dependent upon a firm's activities and capital: Group A agencies perform all the recognized activities of travel agency including tour operating; Group B agencies are confined to ticketing and retailing Group A tours; and Group C agencies organize tours for the domestic market only.

The national flag carrier, Turkish Airlines (THY) together with its subsidiaries, dominates the industry and flies non-stop daily to most major European, Middle Eastern and Asian cities, including Tokyo as well as to New York, Chicago and Miami. Delta Airlines flies non-stop from Istanbul to New York and Atlanta.

Most popular U.S. destinations are New York City for business interests; Washington, DC and San Diego for conferences and seminars; Boston for educational needs; Chicago and Las Vegas for conventions/exhibitions; Florida (Orlando and Miami) and California (San Francisco and Los Angeles) for pleasure travel. The most popular attractions are Universal Studios, Disney World, shopping centers, and American National Parks.

B. COMPETITIVE SITUATION

Overall Picture

The top six destinations for Turkish travelers are all shorthaul (generally defined as requiring a plane trip of less than four hours). Saudi Arabia is the leading non-European destination for pilgrimage purposes (110,685 arrivals), followed by the U.S. (78,219 arrivals), and Far East countries (66,000 arrivals).

Top	Destination	ons for	Turkish	Tourists:	1998
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COUNTRY	TURKISH ARRIVALS
Germany	212,232
France	83,360
U.K.	80,633
Spain	76,853
Greece	49,589
Italy	47,612

Source: Ministry of Tourism

Short-Haul Competitor Nations

Germany

Turkish travelers represent more than half of all tourist arrivals in Germany. Of these trips, more than half are made by Turkish travelers visiting friends and relatives.

France

In 1998, 83,360 Turkish travelers, a 15% increase over 1997, visited France. This significant increase in Turkish arrivals propelled France ahead of Spain as the number two destination for Turkish tourists.

U.K.

An increasing number of Turkish tourists to the U.K. are booking fly/drive vacations to visit both the Republic of Ireland and the U.K.'s adjacent Northern Ireland. In 1996, the tourist boards of the Republic of Ireland and Northern Ireland initiated an all-Ireland tourism promotion campaign to capitalize on this trend, further boosting arrival numbers to both destinations.

Spain

Turkish visitors to Spain, totaling 76,853, accounted for 23% of inbound travel in 1998. This number exceeded 1998 projections and represented a 10% increase in Turkish arrivals. However, despite the continued increase of Turkish visitors, Spain fell from its 1997 second place ranking to fourth in 1998. In addition to intense consumer advertising, Spain places a significant focus on Turkish travel agents.

Greece

Turkish tourist arrivals in Greece in 1998 totaled 49,589, a decrease of approximately 8% since 1997. Short-stay travel and/or day trips, such as travelers visiting duty-free shopping destinations such as Rhodes and Crete, account for a medium percentage of Turkish travel to Greece by cruise lines.

Italy

Increasing attention to the "real" or "hidden" Italy and to adventure travel in Italy reflects a growing trend of Turkish travelers to be more independent and adventuresome on their holidays. The number of independent travelers is steadily increasing, with large growth in the fly/drive holidays, and half of all Turkish travelers to Italy now travel outside of package arrangements.

			Yearly		
	1972	1998	Change	1972	1998
Turkey	1.0	8.5	31.2	0.1	5.6
Greece	2.4	8.9	11.2	0.4	3.6
Portugal	3.0	9.9	6.3	0.4	4.2
France	41.5	61.5	2.1	3.5	28.2
Spain	32.5	41.2	1.2	2.6	28.4
Italy	34.9	32.8	-0.25	2.1	27.3

Source: TURSAB (Association of Turkish Travel Agencies), WTO, Ministry of Tourism, Central Bank of Turkey

C. END-USER ANALYSIS

The Turkish State Institute of Statistics (SIS) estimates 76% of the total number of overseas travelers, pegged at 6.1 million out of an approximately 65 million population, went abroad in 1998 for tourism purposes. Motivation and destination choices of Turkish travelers are driven by cultural events, conferences and meetings, sporting events, visits with relatives/friends, shopping, religious purposes, and of course, vacation categories. The balance is made up by those visiting for business, public service, education, health, work, commerce or "other purposes." Turkish outbound travel is highly seasonal, with August and September being the most popular months for travel.

Turkey is a two to three hour flight from most European and Middle Eastern countries. It is possible, for example, to fly round trip Istanbul-Amsterdam the same day on KLM. European destinations account for 85% of all arrivals abroad.

Traditionally, Turkish people have favored domestic holidays. People not making early hotel or transportation reservations may find themselves staying home, particularly during religious holidays. However, there is a growing desire to travel beyond the border in search of new experiences. Turkish tour operators offer a large variety of local and outbound destinations along with cost competitive airfares and hotel rates. Turks have long considered two weeks to be a minimum vacation period. An increasing trend is towards two or more vacations per year combined with a few short get-away breaks (up to three nights) mixed in.

D. MARKET ACCESS

Turkish outbound travel increased 10 percent in the face of challenging economic conditions and high inflation. Remarkably, Turkish travel to the United States has increased over the last 5 years at a yearly average of 14.6 percent, with 78,219 arrivals in 1998. The market is expected to grow at 5 percent over the next few years. Fifty five percent of Turkish travelers to the U.S. combine business and pleasure, 30% choose the U.S. for student exchange programs and studying, and 15% visit for official reasons, such as government officials and/or business people attending conferences/seminars and exhibitions. Eighty percent of the Turkish citizens traveling to the U.S. are in the upper middle class, reside in the major metropolitan centers of Istanbul, Ankara, and Izmir, and are generally between 25 and 45 years of age.

Conference and Incentive Organizers

Incentive tourism has shown notable growth in the past five years, benefiting from the establishment of destination management companies and larger agencies that have included group travel programs to their services. Many of the incentive travel companies are joint ventures with incentive houses in the UK, Europe, the U.S. and Japan, and offer custom-tailored packages. The 50-member Turkey chapter of the Society of Incentive Travel Executives (SITE) was chartered during the Incentive Travel and Meetings Exposition in Chicago in 1992.

Key Players

Tour operators and travel agents are the key players in the Turkish travel industry, and very influential in the consumer's decision-making process. While there are trends indicating more independent travel decisions, the majority of Turks still tend to buy package tours put together and advertised in brochures and newspapers by tour operators.

After a product is in the tour operators' catalogs/brochures, American companies selling tourism products need to launch sustained product promotion and travel agent education programs. Mailings are a productive and a low-cost way of reaching travel agent.

Advertising

There is no point in generating consumer demand for a product if it is not being offered by travel agents. Advertising to the travel trade should be launched just before, or concurrent with,

your consumer advertising. Sponsoring a "win a trip" contest in cooperation with a newspaper, magazine, TV channel, or radio station is a sure-fire promotional tool in Turkish market.

Benefits of Travel Agency Programs

As nonimmigrant visa demand grows, U.S. government consular managers need to find new ways of improving their operations' efficiency. Many posts, including Turkey, find local travel agencies a convenient channel for potential travelers to submit nonimmigrant visa applications. While travel agents are mostly interested in handling tourists and business travelers, a U.S. Government program to accept nonimmigrant visa applications through travel agencies (or other intermediaries) is a potential means of facilitating travel to the U.S. and increasing business for participating local travel agencies. There are 56 travel agencies participating in this Post's consular program. The six largest of these firms are listed in the Key Contacts section of this report.

VUSACOM

CS Ankara is in the process of forming the Visit USA Committee to promote travel to the U.S. from Turkey. Membership in the Turkish Visit USA Committee will be inclusive of all aspects of the travel industry including airlines, tour operators, marketing companies, hotel and resort operators, travel agencies and associations, all of which provide tour related services to the U.S. The Visit USA Committee will play an active role in promoting travel from Turkey to the U.S. following the recognition of the Committee as an official U.S. tourism body in Turkey.

Key Contacts

Relevant association

Name: ASSOCIATION OF TURKISH TRAVEL AGENCIES (TURSAB)

Address: Fulya Asik Kerem Sokak No. 48/50

Dikilitas Mah., Besiktas, Istanbul, Turkey

Phone: [90] (212) 259-8404 Fax: [90] (212) 259-0656

E-mail: tursab@sim.net.tr
Internet: http://www.tursab.org.tr

Contact: Mr. Talha Camas, Chairman

Activity: Prepares and submits reports to concerned public authorities reflecting its members opinion and observations on

matters related to the travel industry. The association also provides technical counsel in the determination of general policies concerning the tourism and travel industry sector. TURSAB strengthens professional solidarity among the travel agencies and leads the sector in publishing, being the most organized body in the sector.

Major Tour Operators Organizing Tours to the U.S.

Name: ASYA TUR

Address: Cumhuriyet Caddesi 245, Harbiye, Istanbul, Turkey

Phone: [90] (212) 296-2880 Fax: [90] (212) 233-5973 E-mail: asyatur@turk.net

Internet: http://www.asyatur.com.tr

Contact: Mr. Ibrahim Bezci and Mr. Haldun Bezci, Owners

Name: BIEN TOURS

Address: Cumhuriyet Cad. 203/3, Harbiye, Istanbul, Turkey

Phone: [90] (212) 225-5543 Fax: [90] (212) 225-0776

E-mail: <u>bientours@superonline.com</u>
Contact: Mr. Ilkay Felek, Owner

Name: DURU TURIZM

Address: Cumhuriyet Caddesi 259, Harbiye, Istanbul, Turkey

Phone: [90] (212) 231-9000 Fax: [90] (212) 241-7158 E-mail: ebim@duru.com.tr

Internet: http://www.duru.com.tr
Contact: Mr. Yusuf Duru, Owner

Mr. Yusuf Ay, General Manager

Name: TRAVEL CLUB INTERNATIONAL

Address: Istiklal Caddesi, Lale Han No. 87, Kat: 1

Taksim, Istanbul, Turkey

Phone: [90] (212) 293-1975
Fax: [90] (212) 249-5295
E-mail: travelclub@turk.net
Contact: Mr. Kayhan Calakel

Name: SETUR

Address: Cumhuriyet Caddesi 107, Elmadag, Istanbul, Turkey

Phone: [90] (216) 474-0600 Fax: [90] (216) 474-0682

E-mail: setur@.com.tr

Contact: Ms. Semahat Arsel, Owner

Mr. Vedat Bayrak, General Manager

Name: VIP TURIZM

Address: Cumhuriyet Caddesi 271, Harbiye, Istanbul, Turkey

Phone: [90] (212) 230-1331

Fax: [90] (212) 225-0644 or 241-1995

E-mail: vip@viptourism.com.tr

Internet: http://www.viptourism.com.tr

Contact: Mr. Serdar Goren, Manager, Outbound Travel

Six largest Travel Agencies Participating in Visa Application Program:

Name: ALABANDA

Address: Cinnah Caddesi 67/B, Cankaya, Ankara, Turkey

Phone: [90] (312) 440-5600 Fax: [90] (312) 439-5935 E-mail: alabanda@ada.com.tr

Contact: Mr. Ahmet Refik Kutluer, General Manager

Name: BABIL SEYAHAT VE TURIZM LTD. STI.

Address: Guniz Sokak 32/1-2, 06700 Kavaklidere, Ankara

Phone: [90] (312) 467-3610 Fax: [90] (312) 467-9916 E-mail: babitro@tr-net.net.tr

Contact: Mr. Tuncer Sert, Owner/General Manager

Name: IREMTUR

Address: Cumhuriyet Caddesi 189, Harbiye, Istanbul, Turkey

Phone: [90] (212) 234-4708 Fax: [90] (212) 296-2692

E-mail: iremtur@dominet.in.com.tr

Contact: Mr. Suha Alnitemiz, Owner/General Manager

Name: LETON SEYAHAT TURIZM VE TIC. LTD. STI.

Address: Cihan Sokak 1/5, 06430 Sihhiye, Ankara, Turkey

Phone: [90] (312) 231-1050 or 232-0814

Fax: [90] (312) 231-9051 E-mail: leton-f@tr-net.net.tr

Contact: Mr. Sadik Coskun, Owner/General Manager

Name: PARASOL TURIZM

Address: Kuzgun Sok, 97/4, 06540 A.Ayranci, Ankara, Turkey

Phone: [90] (312) 440-8862 Fax: [90] (312) 441-4755 E-mail: parasol@superonline.com

Contact: Mr. Gokhan Korkmaz, Owner/General Manager

Name: ULUSOY TURIZM VE SEYAHAT A.S.

Address: Inonu Cad. 67/A, Gumussuyu, Taksim, Istanbul

Phone: [90] (212) 251-6104

Fax: [90] (212) 249-2755 or 249-9011

E-mail: s.karabul@prizmanet.com.tr

Contact: Mr. Selahattin Karabulut, General Manager

TRADE PROMOTION OPPORTUNITIES

Trade Events:

EMITT'2000-East Mediterranean International Travel and Tourism Exhibition - February 18-21, 2000 Istanbul

This is the principal annual international trade event in Turkey. EMITT is an excellent forum to reach the industry in Turkey and other parts of Europe. EMITT provides market exposure and a chance to observe more experienced exhibitors' marketing strategies and the offerings from competing nations. EMITT is supported by the World Tourism Organization and is organized by ITE Travel of the U.K. and Ekin Yazim Merkezi of Turkey.

Contact the EMITT show organizers directly for Participation Information at the following addresses:

International Trade & Exhibitions Group Byron House, 112A Shirland Road

London W9 2EQ, U.K. Tel: +44-171-286-9720 Fax: +44-171-286-0177

E-mail: T+T@ITE-Exhibitions.com

Contact: Ms. Hibba Bilal, International Event Manager

Ekin Yazilim Merkezi

Halaskargazi Caddesi 97/5 Harbiye, Istanbul, Turkey

Tel: [90] (212) 233-9754 or 230-5341 Fax: [90] (212) 247-4460 or 230-4518

E-mail: ekinym@superonline.com

Contact: Ms. Ozgul Kaplan, Project Executive

International Pow Wow - May 2000

Miami, Florida

This annual U.S.-based trade show, organized by the Travel Industry Association of America (TIA) is the forum for U.S. tourism product sellers and buyers from around the world to meet and plan programs for the coming year and beyond. For more information please contact:

Travel Industry Association of America 1100 New York Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20005-3934

Tel: (202) 408-8422 Fax: (202) 408-1255

Publications:

- Travel Guide
- Regional brochures and maps
- Promotional Publications

(Annual publications of the Ministry of Tourism, General Directorate of Information

06100 Ankara, Turkey

Tel: [90] (312) 213-7460; Fax: 213-9023

Internet: http://turizm.gov.tr

Contact: Mr. Mustafa Siyahhan, Director General)

- Tour-Key of Turkey
- Destination Report-Turkey
- The Travel Agency Guide (Biannual publications of TURSAB-Association of Turkish Travel Agencies)
- Hotel Guide (annual)
- Tourism Industry Catalog (annual)
- TURSAB Tourism Magazine (per two months)
- Hotel Magazine (per three months)
- Tourism Investors Association Magazine (monthly)
- Turkey's Holiday Directorate (annual)
- Voyager Directory (annual)

(Publications of Ekin Yazim Merkezi

Address: Halaskarqazi Caddesi 97/5

80200 Harbiye, Istanbul, Turkey

Tel: [90] (212) 233-9754; Fax: 230-5341

E-mail: ekinym@superonline.com

Contact: Mr. Halim Bulutoglu, Director General)

ISA Customer Satisfaction Survey

The Commercial Service	
The U.S. Department of Commerce would appreciate input from U.S businesses that have used this ISA report in conducting export market research. Please take a few moments to complete the attached survey and fax it to 202/482-0973, mail it to QAS, Rm. 2002, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230, or Email: Internet[Opfer@mail.doc.gov].	S.
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* * * About Our Service * * *	
1. Country covered by report: Commerce domestic office that assisted you (if applicable):	
2. How did you find out about the ISA service? Direct mail Recommended by another firm Recommended by Commerce staff Trade press State/private newsletter Department of Commerce newsletter Other (specify):	
3. Please indicate the extent to which your objectives were satisfied: 1-Very satisfied 2-Satisfied 3-Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied 4-Dissatisfied 5-Very dissatisfied 6-Not applicable	
Overall objectivesAccuracy of informationCompleteness of informationClarity of informationRelevance of informationDelivery when promisedFollow-up by Commerce representative	

4.	In your opinion, did using the ISA service facilitate any of the following? Decided to enter or increase presence in market Developed an export marketing plan Added to knowledge of country/industry Corroborated market data from other sources Decided to bypass or reduce presence in market Other (specify):
5.	How likely would you be to use the ISA service again? Definitely would Probably would Unsure Probably would not Definitely would not
6.	Comments:
	* * * About Your Firm * * *
1.	Number of employees:1-99100-249250-4991,000+
2.	Location (abbreviation of your state only):
3.	Business activity (check one): ManufacturingServiceAgent, broker, manufacturer's representativeExport management or trading companyOther (specify):
4.	Export shipments over the past 12 months:0-12-1213-5051-99100+
Cor	we call you about your experience with the ISA service? mpany name: ntact name: one:
	Thank youwe value your input!

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